

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Form 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2025

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-38973

Viemed Healthcare, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

British Columbia, Canada

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

N/A

(IRS Employer
Identification Number)

625 E. Kaliste Saloom Rd.

Lafayette, LA 70508

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(337) 504-3802

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of exchange on which registered
Common Shares, no par value	VMD	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☒

Non-Accelerated filer ☐

Smaller reporting company ☐

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of October 31, 2025, there were 38,017,907 common shares of the registrant outstanding.

VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.
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Item 1. Financial Statements

VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except outstanding shares)

	Note	At September 30, 2025 <i>(Unaudited)</i>	At December 31, 2024 <i>(Audited)</i>
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	\$ 11,123	\$ 17,540
Accounts receivable, net	2	27,414	24,911
Inventory	2	5,269	4,320
Income tax receivable		1,913	—
Prepaid expenses and other assets		4,265	6,109
Total current assets		\$ 49,984	\$ 52,880
Long-term assets			
Property and equipment, net	4	80,512	76,279
Finance lease right-of-use assets		—	50
Operating lease right-of-use assets		3,589	2,831
Equity investments	2	2,794	2,794
Deferred tax asset	10	5,669	8,398
Identifiable intangibles, net		1,348	848
Goodwill	3	58,464	32,989
Total long-term assets		\$ 152,376	\$ 124,189
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 202,360	\$ 177,069
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		\$ 8,670	\$ 5,322
Deferred revenue		7,810	6,694
Income taxes payable		—	3,883
Accrued liabilities	5	25,007	20,157
Finance lease liabilities, current portion	6	—	50
Operating lease liabilities, current portion	6	1,149	811
Current portion of long-term debt	6	1,554	409
Total current liabilities		\$ 44,190	\$ 37,326
Long-term liabilities			
Accrued liabilities	8	680	846
Operating lease liabilities, less current portion	6	2,410	2,007
Long-term debt	6	19,585	3,589
Total long-term liabilities		\$ 22,675	\$ 6,442
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$ 66,865	\$ 43,768
Commitments and Contingencies		—	—
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Common stock - No par value: unlimited authorized; 38,017,907 and 39,132,897 issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	8	\$ 16,901	\$ 23,365
Additional paid-in capital		19,453	18,337
Retained earnings		97,254	89,691
TOTAL VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.'S SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$ 133,608	\$ 131,393
Noncontrolling interest in subsidiary	3	1,887	1,908
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		135,495	133,301
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$ 202,360	\$ 177,069

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenue	2	\$ 71,914	\$ 58,004	\$ 194,099	\$ 163,562
Cost of revenue		30,569	23,633	82,744	66,497
Gross profit		\$ 41,345	\$ 34,371	\$ 111,355	\$ 97,065
Operating expenses					
Selling, general and administrative		31,919	26,671	89,147	77,988
Research and development		775	757	2,419	2,265
Stock-based compensation	8	2,180	1,712	6,832	4,764
Depreciation and amortization		397	348	1,098	1,140
Loss (gain) on disposal of property and equipment		476	(469)	(2,528)	(801)
Other expense (income), net		(44)	(276)	(191)	261
Income from operations		\$ 5,642	\$ 5,628	\$ 14,578	\$ 11,448
Non-operating income and expenses					
Income (loss) from investments		—	96	—	(954)
Interest expense, net	6	(507)	(225)	(818)	(629)
Net income before taxes		5,135	5,499	13,760	9,865
Provision for income taxes	10	1,535	1,594	4,200	2,880
Net income		\$ 3,600	\$ 3,905	\$ 9,560	\$ 6,985
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		87	27	265	36
Net income attributable to Viamed Healthcare, Inc.		\$ 3,513	\$ 3,878	\$ 9,295	\$ 6,949
Net income per share					
Basic	11	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.18
Diluted	11	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.17
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:					
Basic	11	38,638,660	38,870,823	39,190,666	38,803,887
Diluted	11	40,495,761	40,779,414	41,086,178	40,702,001

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Noncontrolling interest in subsidiary	Total Shareholders' equity
	Shares	Amount				
Shareholders' equity, December 31, 2023	38,506,161	\$ 18,702	\$ 15,698	\$ 79,495	\$ —	\$ 113,895
Stock-based compensation - options	—	—	111	—	—	111
Stock-based compensation - restricted stock	—	—	1,321	—	—	1,321
Exercise of options	60,130	304	—	—	—	304
Shares issued for vesting of restricted stock units	378,837	2,836	(2,836)	—	—	—
Shares redeemed to pay income tax	(128,362)	—	—	(961)	—	(961)
Net income	—	—	—	1,603	—	1,603
Shareholders' equity, March 31, 2024	38,816,766	\$ 21,842	\$ 14,294	\$ 80,137	\$ —	\$ 116,273
Stock-based compensation - options	—	—	59	—	—	59
Stock-based compensation - restricted stock	—	—	1,561	—	—	1,561
Exercise of options	4,000	21	—	—	—	21
Shares issued for vesting of restricted stock units	6,654	47	(47)	—	—	—
Shares redeemed to pay income tax	(1,621)	—	—	(11)	—	(11)
Acquired noncontrolling interest	—	—	—	—	1,800	1,800
Net income	—	—	—	1,468	9	1,477
Shareholders' equity, June 30, 2024	38,825,799	\$ 21,910	\$ 15,867	\$ 81,594	\$ 1,809	\$ 121,180
Stock-based compensation - options	—	—	61	—	—	61
Stock-based compensation - restricted stock	—	—	1,651	—	—	1,651
Exercise of options	17,516	91	—	—	—	91
Shares issued for vesting of restricted stock units	101,438	748	(748)	—	—	—
Shares redeemed to pay income tax	(12,506)	—	—	(93)	—	(93)
Net income	—	—	—	3,878	27	3,905
Shareholders' equity, September 30, 2024	38,932,247	\$ 22,749	\$ 16,831	\$ 85,379	\$ 1,836	\$ 126,795

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Noncontrolling interest in subsidiary	Total Shareholders' equity
	Shares	Amount				
Shareholders' equity, December 31, 2024	39,132,897	\$ 23,365	\$ 18,337	\$ 89,691	\$ 1,908	\$ 133,301
Stock-based compensation - options	—	—	16	—	—	16
Stock-based compensation - restricted stock	—	—	2,295	—	—	2,295
Exercise of options	2,225	11	—	—	—	11
Shares issued for vesting of restricted stock units	581,838	4,775	(4,775)	—	—	—
Shares redeemed to pay income tax	(193,173)	—	—	(1,584)	—	(1,584)
Net income	—	—	—	2,625	85	2,710
Shareholders' equity, March 31, 2025	39,523,787	\$ 28,151	\$ 15,873	\$ 90,732	\$ 1,993	\$ 136,749
Stock-based compensation - options	—	—	6	—	—	6
Stock-based compensation - restricted stock	—	—	2,335	—	—	2,335
Exercise of options	336,633	1,357	—	—	—	1,357
Shares issued for vesting of restricted stock units	21,293	145	(145)	—	—	—
Shares redeemed to pay income tax	(6,647)	—	—	(47)	—	(47)
Distribution to non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	(193)	(193)
Shares repurchased under the share repurchase program	(270,061)	(1,866)	33	—	—	(1,833)
Net income	—	—	—	3,157	93	3,250
Shareholders' equity, June 30, 2025	39,605,005	\$ 27,787	\$ 18,102	\$ 93,842	\$ 1,893	\$ 141,624
Stock-based compensation - options	—	—	3	—	—	3
Stock-based compensation - restricted stock	—	—	2,177	—	—	2,177
Exercise of options	13,965	71	—	—	—	71
Shares issued for vesting of restricted stock units	119,569	834	(834)	—	—	—
Shares redeemed to pay income tax	(14,252)	—	—	(101)	—	(101)
Distribution to non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	(93)	(93)
Shares repurchased under the share repurchase program	(1,706,380)	(11,791)	5	—	—	(11,786)
Net income	—	—	—	3,513	87	3,600
Shareholders' equity, September 30, 2025	38,017,907	\$ 16,901	\$ 19,453	\$ 97,254	\$ 1,887	\$ 135,495

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)
(Unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	Note	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income		\$ 9,560	\$ 6,985
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortization		21,043	19,002
Stock-based compensation expense	8	6,832	4,764
Distributions of earnings received from equity method investments		—	147
Income from equity method investments		—	(261)
Loss from debt investment		—	1,344
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(2,528)	(801)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		121	135
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)		2,729	(3,507)
Changes in working capital:			
Accounts receivable, net		(670)	(8,213)
Inventory		(163)	583
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(626)	340
Trade payables		767	747
Deferred revenue		622	489
Accrued liabilities		1,584	2,424
Income tax payable/receivable		(5,796)	(76)
Net cash provided by operating activities		\$ 33,475	\$ 24,102
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment		(31,248)	(25,942)
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	3	(26,332)	(2,999)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	4	15,026	7,440
Net cash used in investing activities		\$ (42,554)	\$ (21,501)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from exercise of options	8	1,439	416
Proceeds from term notes	6	9,000	—
Principal payments on term notes	6	(484)	(954)
Proceeds from revolving credit facilities	6	13,000	3,000
Payments on revolving credit facilities	6	(5,000)	(5,000)
Payments for debt issuance costs		—	(171)
Shares redeemed to pay income tax	8	(1,732)	(1,065)
Shares repurchased under the share repurchase program	8	(13,225)	—
Repayments of finance lease liabilities		(50)	(319)
Distributions to non-controlling interest		(286)	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		\$ 2,662	\$ (4,093)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(6,417)	(1,492)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		17,540	12,839
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 11,123	\$ 11,347
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information			
Cash paid during the period for interest		\$ 587	\$ 745
Cash paid during the period for income taxes, net of refunds		\$ 7,267	\$ 6,416
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash transactions			
Equipment and other fixed asset purchases payable at end of period		\$ 4,774	\$ 2,854
Equipment sales receivable at end of period		\$ —	\$ 1,683

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.
NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular dollar amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

1. Nature of Business and Operations

Viemed Healthcare, Inc. (the "Company"), through its subsidiaries, is a provider of home medical equipment ("HME") and post-acute respiratory healthcare services in the United States. The Company's primary service offerings are focused on effective in-home treatment with clinical practitioners providing therapy and counseling to patients in their homes using cutting edge technology. The Company serves patients in all 50 states of the United States. The Company was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) on December 14, 2016. The Company's registered and records office is located at Suite 2800, Park Place, 666 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 2Z7 and its corporate office is located at 625 E. Kaliste Saloom Road, Lafayette, Louisiana 70508.

The Company's common shares are traded on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "VMD".

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited, but reflect all adjustments consisting of normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the interim periods presented. The Company's fiscal year ends on December 31. The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2025 was derived from audited consolidated financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto and the report of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. The nature of the Company's business is such that the results of any interim period may not be indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year.

Prior to December 31, 2024, the Company qualified as an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, as modified by the Jumpstart our Business Startups Act of 2012, and took advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies, including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and other exemptions. As of December 31, 2024, the Company no longer qualified as an emerging growth company, and as a result is no longer exempt from the reporting requirements discussed above.

Reporting Currency

All values are in U.S. dollars (\$ or "USD"). Tabular dollar amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except per share amounts.

Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries in which it has a controlling financial interest. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management bases these estimates and assumptions upon historical experience, existing and known circumstances, authoritative accounting pronouncements and other factors that management believes to be reasonable. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to revenue recognition, accounts receivable, income tax provisions, the fair value of financial instruments, and goodwill. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Segment Reporting

The Company's chief operating decision-makers ("CODMs") are its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer, who make resource allocation decisions and assess performance based on financial information presented on an aggregate basis. There are no segment managers who are held accountable by the chief operating decision-makers, or anyone else, for any planning, strategy and key decision-making regarding operations. The corporate office is responsible for contract negotiation with vendors and payors, corporate compliance with healthcare laws and regulations, and revenue cycle management, among other corporate supporting functions. Accordingly, the Company has a single reportable segment and operating segment structure. All expense categories on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income are significant and there are no other significant segment expenses that require disclosure.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable and revenues are based on contractually agreed-upon rates for services provided, reduced by estimated adjustments. The accounts receivable are presented on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets net of adjustments, including variable consideration for implicit price concessions related to sales revenues and an estimate for probable losses related to net rental revenues. Inherent in these estimates is the risk that they will have to be revised or updated as additional information becomes available. The complexity of third-party billing arrangements and laws and regulations governing Medicare and Medicaid may result in adjustments to amounts originally recorded.

The Company performs a periodic analysis to review the valuation of accounts receivable and collectability of outstanding balances. These estimates are determined utilizing historical realization data under a portfolio approach, which is then assessed by management to evaluate whether adjustments should be made based on accounts receivable aging trends, other operating trends, and relevant business conditions such as governmental and managed care payor claims processing procedures.

The Company records a reserve for estimated probable losses as part of rental revenue adjustments in order to report rental revenue at an expected collectable amount based on the total portfolio of operating lease receivables for which collectability has been deemed probable.

Receivables are considered past due when not collected by established due dates. Specific patient balances are written off after collection efforts have been followed and the account has been determined to be uncollectible. Revisions in reserve estimates are recorded as an adjustment to revenue in the period of revision.

Included in accounts receivable at September 30, 2025 are amounts due from Medicare representing 27% of total outstanding net receivables. As of December 31, 2024, 27% of total outstanding net receivables were amounts due from Medicare.

Inventory

Inventory represents non-serialized supplies that consist of equipment parts, consumables, and associated product supplies and is expensed at the time of sale or use. The Company values inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Obsolete and unserviceable inventories are valued at estimated net realizable value.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is presented on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at historic cost less accumulated depreciation. Major renewals and improvements that extend the useful life of assets are capitalized to the respective property accounts, while maintenance and repairs, which do not extend the useful life of the respective assets, are expensed as incurred. Management has estimated the useful lives of equipment leased to customers. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Property and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation of medical equipment commences at the date of service, which represents the date that the asset has been delivered to a patient and is put in use and continues through the useful life of the asset. Property and equipment with definite useful lives are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Equity Investments

Equity investments on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets are primarily comprised of equity investments without readily determinable fair values accounted for under the measurement alternative described in ASC 321-10-35-2. For these investments, the Company has elected the measurement alternative which measures the investment at cost, less any impairment. ASU 2019-04 clarifies that if an entity identifies observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same issuer, it must measure its equity investment at fair value in accordance with ASC 820 as of the date that the observable transaction occurred. The balance of the Company's equity investments was \$2.8 million as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The Company was not aware of any impairment or observable price change adjustments that needed to be made as of September 30, 2025 on its investments in equity securities without a readily determinable fair value.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include trade names and other identifiable intangible assets. Amortization expense related to definite lived identifiable intangible assets is included in depreciation and amortization in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are principally derived from the rental and sale of HME products and services to patients.

Rental revenues

Revenue generated from equipment that is rented to patients is recognized over the non-cancellable rental period (typically one month) and commences on delivery of the equipment to the patients. The agreements are evaluated at commencement and the start of each monthly renewal period to determine if it is reasonably certain that the monthly renewal or purchase options would be exercised. The exercise of monthly renewal or purchase options by a patient has historically not been reasonably certain to occur at lease commencement or subsequent monthly renewals.

Revenues are recorded at amounts estimated to be received under reimbursement arrangements with payors, including private insurers, prepaid health plans, Medicare, Medicaid and patients. Rental revenue, less estimated adjustments, is recognized as earned on a straight-line basis over the non-cancellable lease term. Rental of patient equipment is billed on a monthly basis beginning on the date the equipment is delivered. Since deliveries can occur on any day during a month, the amount of billings that apply to the next month are deferred.

The Company's lease agreements generally contain lease components and non-lease components, which primarily relate to supplies. The Company has made the accounting policy election to account for a lease component of an agreement and its associated non-lease components as a single lease component based on the Company's assessment of classification of the lease based on the consideration in the contract for the combined component.

Sales and Services revenues

Revenue related to sales of equipment and supplies is recognized on the date of delivery as this is when control of the promised goods is transferred to patients and is presented net of applicable sales taxes. Revenues are recorded only to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal will not occur in the future as amounts may include implicit price concessions under reimbursement arrangements with payors, including private insurers, prepaid health plans, Medicare, Medicaid and patients. The sales transaction price is determined based on contractually agreed-upon rates, adjusted for estimates of variable consideration. The expected value method is used in determining the variable consideration as part of determining the sales transaction price using historical reimbursement experience, historical sales returns, and other operating trends. Payment terms and conditions vary by contract. The timing of revenue recognition, billing, and cash collection generally results in billed and unbilled accounts receivable.

Revenues associated with external staffing services are accrued on an hourly basis and are recorded based on the determination of whether the Company is acting as a principal or an agent. In arrangements in which the Company manages customers' supplemental workforce needs utilizing its own network of healthcare professionals, the Company is determined to be a principal and includes the contractual gross billings in revenues with a corresponding increase to cost of revenues for worksite employee payroll costs associated with these services. Alternatively, when the Company acts as agent in the performance of workforce management, revenue is recorded based on contractually agreed upon fees or commissions with no associated cost of revenues.

The revenues from each major source are summarized in the following table:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenue from rentals				
Ventilator rentals, non-invasive and invasive	\$ 34,883	\$ 31,772	\$ 100,862	\$ 91,404
Other home medical equipment rentals	15,401	12,459	42,199	35,604
Revenue from sales and services				
Equipment and supply sales	15,700	8,440	32,720	21,956
Service revenues	5,930	5,333	18,318	14,598
Total revenues	\$ 71,914	\$ 58,004	\$ 194,099	\$ 163,562

Revenues from Medicare as a percentage of the Company's total revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were 39% and 44%, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, "Compensation—Stock Compensation", which establishes accounting for share-based awards exchanged for employee services and requires companies to expense the estimated fair value of these awards over the requisite employee service period. Stock-based compensation costs for stock options are determined at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Stock-based compensation costs for restricted stock units ("RSUs") are determined at the grant date based on the closing stock price. The expense of such stock-based compensation awards is recognized using the graded vesting attribution method over the vesting period and the offsetting credit is recorded as an increase in additional paid-in capital. Forfeitures are recorded as incurred. Any excess tax benefit or deficiency is recognized as a component of income taxes and within operating cash flows upon vesting of the share-based award.

For the Company's phantom share units ("PSUs") settled in cash, the Company computes the fair value of the PSUs using the closing price of the Company's stock at the end of each period and records a liability based on the percentage of requisite service.

Income Taxes

The Company is subject to income taxes in numerous U.S. jurisdictions. The Company's income tax provisions reflect management's interpretation of country and state tax laws. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business and may remain uncertain for several years after their occurrence. The Company recognizes assets and liabilities for taxation when it is probable that the Company will receive refunds from or pay taxes to the relevant tax authority. Where the final determination of tax assets and liabilities is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income taxes provision in the period in which such a determination is made. Changes in tax law or changes in the way tax law is interpreted may also impact the Company's effective tax rate as well as the Company's business and operations.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future income tax consequences attributable to temporary differences between the financial statement carrying value of assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases. Deferred income tax assets or liabilities are measured using enacted income tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be settled. The calculation of current and deferred income taxes requires management to make estimates and assumptions and to exercise a certain amount of judgment concerning the carrying value of assets and liabilities. The current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities are also impacted by expectations about future operating results and the timing of reversal of temporary differences as well as possible audits of tax filings by regulatory agencies. Changes or differences in these estimates or assumptions may result in changes to the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and a charge to or recovery of income tax expense.

Deferred tax is recognized on any temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable earnings. The effect of a change in the enacted tax rates is recognized in net earnings and comprehensive income or in equity depending on the item to which the adjustment relates. At each reporting period end, deferred tax assets are evaluated for recoverability based on whether it is more likely than not that sufficient taxable earnings will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Business Combinations

The Company applies the acquisition method of accounting for business acquisitions. The results of operations of the business acquired by the Company are included as of the respective acquisition date. The acquisition-date fair value of the consideration transferred, including the fair value of any contingent consideration, is allocated to the underlying assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and noncontrolling interest in the acquiree based upon their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. To the extent the acquisition-date fair value of the consideration transferred exceeds the fair value of the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interests, such excess is allocated to goodwill. Patient relationships, medical records and patient lists are not reported as separate intangible assets due to the regulatory requirements and lack of contractual agreements but are part of goodwill. Customer related relationships are not reported as separate intangible assets but are part of goodwill as authorizing physicians are under no obligation to refer the Company's services to their patients, who are free to change physicians and service providers at any time. The Company may adjust the preliminary purchase price allocation, as necessary, as it obtains more information regarding asset valuations and liabilities assumed that existed but were not available at the acquisition date, which is generally up to one year after the acquisition closing date. Acquisition related costs are recognized separately from the business combination and are expensed as incurred.

Impairment of Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets

Goodwill resulting from business combinations is not amortized, rather, it is assessed for impairment annually and upon the occurrence of a triggering event or change in circumstances indicating a possible impairment. Such triggering events potentially warranting an annual or interim goodwill impairment assessment include, among other factors, declines in historical or projected revenue, operating income or cash flows, and sustained decreases in the Company's stock price or market capitalization. Such changes in circumstance can include, among others, changes in the legal environment, reimbursement environment, operating performance, and/or future prospects.

The Company performs its annual impairment assessment of goodwill during the fourth quarter of each year. The impairment assessment can be performed on either a quantitative or qualitative basis. The Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform a quantitative goodwill impairment analysis. If determined necessary, the Company applies the quantitative impairment test to identify and measure the amount of impairment, if any. Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions and factors, such as estimates of a reporting unit's fair value and judgment about impairment triggering events. As a result, there can be no assurance that the estimates and assumptions made for purposes of the annual or interim goodwill impairment test will prove to be accurate predictions of the future.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company performed an assessment of qualitative factors and determined that no events or circumstances existed that would lead to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of indefinite-lived assets were less than the carrying amount. As such, a quantitative analysis was not required to be performed and the Company did not record any goodwill impairment charges.

The Company follows ASC Topic 360, which requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset group's carrying amounts may not be recoverable. In performing the review for recoverability, if future undiscounted cash flows (excluding interest charges) from the use and ultimate disposition of the assets are less than their carrying values, an impairment loss represented by the difference between its fair value and carrying value, is recognized. When properties are classified as held for sale, they are recorded at the lower of the carrying amount or the expected sales price less costs to sell. There were no impairment charges recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024.

Net Income per Share Attributable to Viemed Healthcare, Inc.'s Common Stockholders

Basic net income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per common share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive stock-based awards outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive stock-based awards include outstanding common stock options and time-based RSUs.

See Note 11 for earnings per share computations.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*, which requires a public entity to disclose significant segment expenses and other segment items on an annual and interim basis and to provide in interim periods all disclosures about a reportable segment's profit or loss and assets that are currently required annually. Public entities with a single reportable segment are required to provide the new disclosures and all the disclosures required under ASC 280. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2024. The guidance is applied retrospectively to all periods presented in the financial statements, unless it is impracticable. The Company adopted this standard during the year ended December 31, 2024, which did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, which is intended to improve the transparency of income tax disclosures by requiring consistent categories and greater disaggregation of information in the effective tax rate reconciliation and income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The ASU is effective for public business entities' annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this pronouncement and is evaluating the impact it will have on its upcoming annual filing on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025; however, the Company currently does not believe the adoption will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures for that Form 10-K filing.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses (DISE)*, which specifies additional disclosure requirements. The new guidance requires additional disclosures, including the composition of certain income expense line items (such as purchases of inventory, employee compensation, and 'other expenses') and a separate disclosure for selling expenses. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2027, however, early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

In September 2025, the FASB issued ASU No. 2025-06, *Intangibles — Goodwill and Other — Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40)*, which amends certain aspects of the accounting and disclosure requirements for internal-use software costs. The amendments remove references to software project development stages and provide updated guidance for assessing whether the probable-to-complete threshold for capitalization has been met. The ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027, and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments may be applied prospectively, retrospectively, or using a modified prospective approach. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of adopting this guidance on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

3. Business Combinations

Lehan Drugs, Inc

On July 1, 2025, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding equity interests of Lehan Drugs, Inc. ("Lehan"), an Illinois-based provider of home medical equipment. The acquisition met the definition of a business and was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805. The fair value of the consideration totaled approximately \$28.7 million.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the consideration paid or payable, assets acquired, and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date (in thousands):

Purchase Price	
Cash paid or payable	\$ 26,921
Contingent consideration	1,750
TOTAL CONSIDERATION	28,671
Identifiable Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	383
Accounts receivable	1,833
Inventory	786
Prepaid expenses and other assets	176
Property and equipment, net	959
Lease assets	60
Identifiable intangibles	628
TOTAL ASSETS	4,825
Identifiable Liabilities	
Trade payables	490
Deferred revenue	494
Accrued liabilities	586
Current portion of lease liabilities	41
Long-term lease liabilities	18
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,629
Net assets acquired	3,196
Resulting goodwill	\$ 25,475

The purchase price allocation remains preliminary as the Company is in the process of finalizing third-party valuations of certain tangible and intangible assets, as well as determining the final net working capital adjustment. Accordingly, the amounts reported above are subject to change during the measurement period, which will not exceed 12 months from the acquisition date.

The results of Lehan's operations have been included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements since the acquisition date. The Company incurred approximately \$1.0 million of acquisition-related costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2025, which are included in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Goodwill recognized in this transaction primarily represents the expected realization of operational synergies, the integration of Lehan's maternal health services within Viamed's broader clinical platform, and the strategic expansion of the Company's geographic presence across the Midwest. All goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

East Alabama HomeMed, LLC

On April 1, 2024, the Company acquired a controlling 60% equity interest in East Alabama HomeMed, LLC ("HomeMed"). The acquisition was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805. As a result of the acquisition, goodwill of \$3.2 million and a trade name of \$0.4 million were recognized. The Company determined that its portion of the goodwill is fully tax-deductible. Additionally, a noncontrolling interest of \$1.8 million was recorded at the acquisition date. The accompanying financial statements include the results of HomeMed's operations from the acquisition date. Changes in the noncontrolling interests after the acquisition date are accounted for pursuant to ASC 810, *Consolidation*.

4. Property and Equipment

The Company's fixed assets consist of its medical equipment held for rental, furniture and equipment, real property and related improvements, and vehicles and other various small equipment.

The following table details the Company's fixed assets:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Medical equipment	\$ 120,240	\$ 116,938
Furniture and equipment	5,176	4,523
Land	2,566	2,566
Buildings	8,483	8,307
Leasehold improvements	717	660
Vehicles	1,423	1,288
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(58,093)	(58,003)
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 80,512	\$ 76,279

Depreciation in the amount of \$7.1 million and \$6.1 million is included in cost of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and in the amount of \$19.9 million and \$17.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

5. Current Liabilities

The Company's short-term accrued liabilities are included within current liabilities and consist of the following:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Accrued trade payables	\$ 5,747	\$ 4,016
Accrued commissions payable	1,035	1,027
Accrued bonuses payable	4,594	6,589
Accrued vacation and payroll	5,617	3,402
Current portion of phantom share liability	1,253	1,701
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	1,750	—
Accrued other liabilities	5,011	3,422
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 25,007	\$ 20,157

6. Debt and Lease Liabilities

Debt

The following table summarizes the Company's debt as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
2022 Senior Credit Facilities	\$ 21,113	\$ 4,563
Medical equipment financing	504	34
Financing costs and commitment fees	(478)	(599)
Current portion	(1,554)	(409)
Long-term portion	\$ 19,585	\$ 3,589

2022 Senior Credit Facilities

On November 29, 2022, the Company refinanced its existing borrowings under the 2018 Senior Credit Facility and entered into a new credit agreement (the "2022 Senior Credit Facilities") with the lenders from time to time party thereto, and Regions Bank, as administrative agent (the "Administrative Agent") and collateral agent, that provides for an up to \$30.0 million revolving credit facility (the "2022 Revolving Credit Facility") and an up to \$30.0 million delayed draw term loan facility (the "2022 Term Loan Facility"), both maturing in November 2027.

The proceeds of the 2022 Revolving Credit Facility may be used to refinance existing indebtedness, for working capital purposes, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes (including permitted acquisitions), and to pay transaction fees, costs and expenses related to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities. The proceeds of the 2022 Term Loan Facility and any additional term loans established in accordance with the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities may be used to finance permitted acquisitions and to pay transaction fees, costs and expenses related to such acquisitions.

The interest rates per annum applicable to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities are a forward looking term rate based on a secured overnight financing rate ("Term SOFR") plus an applicable margin ranging from 2.625% to 3.375%, or, at the option of the Company, a Base Rate (as defined in the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities) plus an applicable margin, which ranges from 1.625% to 2.375%.

The 2022 Senior Credit Facilities require the Company to comply with certain affirmative, as well as certain negative covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the ability of the Company to incur indebtedness, grant liens, make investments, engage in acquisitions, mergers or consolidations and pay dividends and other restricted payments. The 2022 Senior Credit Facilities also include certain financial covenants, which generally include, but are not limited to the following:

- Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio (defined generally as total indebtedness to adjusted EBITDA) of not greater than (i) for any fiscal quarter ending during the period from the closing date to and including December 31, 2024, 2.75 to 1.0 and (ii) for any fiscal quarter ending on and after March 31, 2025, 2.50 to 1.0, subject to certain adjustments following a material acquisition.
- Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (defined generally as (a) adjusted EBITDA minus capital expenditures minus cash taxes to (b) the sum of scheduled principal payments plus cash interest expense plus restricted payments) of not less than 1.25:1.0.

The Company was in compliance with all covenants under the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities in effect at September 30, 2025.

The 2022 Senior Credit Facilities include provisions permitting the Company from time to time to, subject to certain terms and conditions, increase the aggregate amount of commitments under the 2022 Revolving Credit Facility and/or establish one or more additional term loans under the 2022 Term Loan Facility, in each case, with additional commitments from existing lenders or new commitments from financial institutions acceptable to the Administrative Agent in its reasonable discretion; provided, that, (a) the aggregate principal amount of any increases in the 2022 Revolving Credit Facility, and (b) the aggregate principal amount of all additional term loans under the 2022 Term Loan Facility established after the closing date will not exceed \$30.0 million.

Financing costs related to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities are capitalized and amortized over the term of the loans using the effective interest method. Upon the initial draw of debt under the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities during the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company reclassified the deferred financing fees previously recorded in other long-term assets to long-term debt in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

On May 28, 2024, the Company entered into a First Amendment to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities that (a) extended the delayed draw term loan commitment expiration date to November 29, 2025, from its initial expiration date of May 29, 2024, and (b) provided for other technical amendments. On June 6, 2025, the Company entered into a Second Amendment to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities that (a) increased the permitted amount of restricted payments that may be made by the Company and its subsidiaries subject to specified conditions, and (b) made other conforming and administrative changes.

Medical Equipment Financing

The Company enters into medical equipment financing obligations through supplier finance programs. The financing obligations are primarily short term in nature and are payable in monthly installments.

Leases

The Company has recognized finance lease liabilities for vehicles and operating leases for land and buildings that have terms greater than twelve months, as follows:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Lease liabilities	\$ 3,559	\$ 2,868
Less:		
Current portion of lease liabilities	(1,149)	(861)
Net long-term lease liabilities	\$ 2,410	\$ 2,007

Operating Lease Liabilities

The Company has recognized operating lease liabilities that relate primarily to the lease of land and buildings. The exercise of lease renewal options is at the Company's sole discretion and is included in the lease term for calculations of its right-of-use assets and liabilities when it is reasonably certain that the Company plans to renew these leases. These lease liabilities are recorded at present value based on a discount rate ranging from 5.5% to 7.87%, based on the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the time of assessment. At September 30, 2025, the weighted average lease term was approximately 3.30 years.

Future maturities of the Company's operating lease liabilities as of September 30, 2025 are summarized as follows:

	Lease Liability
2025	\$ 344
2026	1,360
2027	1,096
2028	861
2029	238
Thereafter	167
Total lease payments	\$ 4,066
Less: imputed interest	507
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 3,559

Operating rental expenses were \$1.3 million and \$1.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

7. Fair Value Measurement

Under ASC Topic 820, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., an exit price). ASC Topic 820 establishes a hierarchy for inputs to valuation techniques used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. There are three levels to the hierarchy based on the reliability of inputs, as follows:

Level 1 - Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The Company measures certain assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. There were no transfers between fair value measurement levels during any presented period. The following tables summarize the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

(In thousands)	At September 30, 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Money market mutual funds	\$ 289	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 289
Liabilities:				
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,750	\$ 1,750

(In thousands)	At December 31, 2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Money market mutual funds	\$ 10,582	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 10,582

Acquisition-Related Contingent Consideration

The Company estimates the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration liabilities using the income approach, based on a probability-weighted discounted cash flow model. Because this valuation relies on significant inputs that are not observable in active markets, it is classified as a Level 3 fair value measurement. Level 3 instruments are valued using unobservable inputs that reflect the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The Company reassesses the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration each reporting period, and any changes in estimated fair value are recognized in Other expense (income) in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. At September 30, 2025, contingent consideration liabilities of \$1.8 million were included in accrued liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. There were no changes in fair value or payments related to contingent consideration during the nine months ended September 30, 2025. At December 31, 2024, the Company had no contingent consideration liabilities.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

The Company measures certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These assets include other equity investments and the fair value allocation related to the Company's acquisitions.

The Company's other equity investments are holdings in privately-held companies without a readily determinable market value. The Company remeasures equity securities without readily determinable fair value at fair value when an orderly transaction is identified for an identical or similar investment of the same issuer in accordance with the measurement alternative under Topic 820. ASU 2019-04 states that the measurement alternative is a nonrecurring fair value measurement. Accordingly, other equity investments without readily determinable fair value are classified within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy because the Company estimates the value using a combination of observable and unobservable inputs, including valuation ascribed to the issuing company in subsequent financing rounds, volatility in the results of operations of the issuers and rights and obligations of the holdings the Company owns. The Company had no material adjustments of other equity investments measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during any of the periods presented.

The fair value allocation related to the Company's acquisitions are determined using a discounted cash flow approach, or a replacement cost approach, which are based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3). These valuation methods required management to make various assumptions, including, but not limited to, future profitability, cash flows, replacement costs, and discount rates. The Company's estimates are based upon historical trends, management's knowledge and experience and overall economic factors, including projections of future earnings potential. Developing discounted future cash flows in applying the income approach requires the Company to evaluate its intermediate to longer-term strategies, including, but not limited to, estimates of revenue growth, operating margins, capital requirements, inflation and working capital management. The development of appropriate rates to discount the estimated future cash flows requires the selection of risk premiums, which can materially impact the present value of future cash flows.

The Company estimated the fair value of acquired identifiable intangible assets using discounted cash flow techniques that included an estimate of future cash flows, consistent with overall cash flow projections used to determine the purchase price paid to acquire the business, discounted at a rate of return that reflects the relative risk of the cash flows. The Company estimated the fair value of certain acquired identifiable intangible assets based on the cost approach using estimated costs consistent with historical experience. The Company believes the estimates and assumptions used in the valuation methods are reasonable.

There were no transfers between fair value measurement levels during any presented period.

8. Shareholders' Equity

Authorized Share Capital

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares, with no stated par value.

Issued and Outstanding Share Capital

The Company has only one class of stock outstanding, common shares. The authorized stock consists of an unlimited number of common shares with no stated par value, of which 38,017,907 and 39,132,897 shares were issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company repurchased and canceled 1,976,441 common shares at a cost of \$13.6 million pursuant to the Share Repurchase Program authorized by the Board of Directors on June 6, 2025 (the "2025 Share Repurchase Program"). The Company also acquired and cancelled 214,072 common shares at a cost of \$1.7 million to satisfy employee income tax withholding associated with RSUs vesting during the nine months ended September 30, 2025. The Company's equity accounts were reduced by the amount paid for the shares repurchased and cancelled.

Stock-Based Compensation

On June 6, 2024 (the "Effective Date"), the Company's shareholders approved the Company's 2024 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "2024 Omnibus Plan") to provide an incentive to attract, retain, and reward directors, officers, employees, and consultants who provide services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries. All directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company and/or its affiliates are eligible to receive awards under the 2024 Omnibus Plan, subject to its terms. Awards include common share purchase options, restricted stock, stock appreciation rights, performance awards, or other stock-based awards, including restricted stock units, deferred stock units, and dividends and dividend equivalents.

On June 5, 2025, the Company's shareholders approved the first amendment to the 2024 Omnibus Plan, increasing the aggregate number of common shares authorized for issuance. Following this amendment, the maximum number of common shares that will be available for awards and issuance under the 2024 Omnibus Plan and that may be reserved for issuance at any time, including under previous plans such as the 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan (effective June 11, 2020), the Amended and Restated Stock Option Plan (effective as of July 17, 2018), the Amended and Restated Restricted Share Unit Plan (effective as of July 17, 2018), and the Deferred Share Unit Plan (effective July 17, 2018), is 7,904,769 shares. The maximum amount of common shares that may be awarded under the 2024 Omnibus Plan as "incentive stock options" is 1,000,000 common shares. As of September 30, 2025, the Company had outstanding options of 3,538,000 and RSUs of 2,128,000 associated with common shares under the existing plans.

The following table summarizes stock-based compensation expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Stock-based compensation - options	\$ 3	\$ 61	\$ 25	\$ 231
Stock-based compensation - restricted stock units	2,177	1,651	6,807	4,533
Total	\$ 2,180	\$ 1,712	\$ 6,832	\$ 4,764

At September 30, 2025, there was no remaining unrecognized pre-tax stock option expense under the Company's equity compensation plans. As of September 30, 2025, there was approximately \$8,150,000 of total unrecognized pre-tax compensation expense related to outstanding time-based restricted stock units that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.45 years.

Options

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2025:

	Number of options (000's)	Weighted average exercise price ⁽¹⁾	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Aggregate intrinsic value ⁽²⁾
Balance December 31, 2024	3,917	\$ 5.36	5.0 years	\$ 10,984
Issued	—	—		
Exercised	(353)	4.08		
Expired / Forfeited	(26)	10.44		
Balance September 30, 2025	3,538	\$ 5.45	4.4 years	\$ 6,219

⁽¹⁾For presentation purposes, stock options issued with a Canadian dollar exercise price have been translated to U.S. dollars based on the prevailing exchange rate on the date of grant.

⁽²⁾The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding represents the difference between the exercise price of the option and the closing price of the Company's common shares on the last trading day of the period (\$6.79 and \$8.02 on September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively).

The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and options exercisable was \$6,219,000 at September 30, 2025. For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, 352,823 common shares were issued pursuant to the exercise of stock options.

At September 30, 2025, the Company had 3,538,000 exercisable stock options outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of \$5.45 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 4.4 years. At December 31, 2024, the Company had 3,691,000 exercisable stock options outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of \$5.37 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 4.9 years.

The fair value of the stock options has been charged to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and credited to additional paid-in capital over the vesting period, using the grant date fair value based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The assumptions used to determine the grant date fair value of stock options include exercise price, risk-free interest rates, expected volatility, and average life of an option. The risk-free interest rates are based on the rates available at the time of the grant for zero-coupon U.S. government issues with a remaining term equal to the option's expected life. The average life of an option is based on both historical and projected exercise and lapsing data. Expected volatility is based on implied volatilities from traded options on the Company's common shares and historical volatility of the Company's common shares over the expected life of the option. There were no issuances of options during the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

Restricted Stock Units

The Company accounts for RSUs using fair value. The fair value of the RSUs has been charged to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and credited to additional paid-in capital over the vesting period, based on the stock price on the date of grant. RSUs vest generally over a one or three-year period. The Company accounts for forfeitures of RSUs under ASU 2016-09 and recognizes forfeitures in the period in which they occur.

The following table summarizes RSU activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2025:

	Number of RSUs (000's)	Weighted average grant price	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Aggregate intrinsic value ⁽¹⁾
Balance December 31, 2024	1,514	\$ 7.80	1.38 years	\$ 12,141
Issued	1,404	8.05		
Vested	(723)	7.44		
Forfeited	(67)	7.98		
Balance September 30, 2025	2,128	\$ 8.08	1.45 years	\$ 14,449

⁽¹⁾The aggregate intrinsic value of time-based RSUs outstanding was based on the closing price of the Company's common shares on the last trading day of the period (\$6.79 and \$8.02 on September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively).

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company issued 1,404,210 RSUs with a vesting term of one or three years and a weighted-average fair value of \$8.05 per share.

Phantom Share Units

The Company has a phantom share unit plan, which it uses for grants to directors, officers, and employees. PSUs granted under the plan are non-assignable and are settled in cash at vesting based on the fair value of the Company's common stock on the vesting date. PSUs vest generally over a one or three-year period. The cash-settled PSUs are accounted for as liability awards and are re-measured at fair value each reporting period until they become vested with accrued liability and related expense being recognized over the requisite service period.

The following table summarizes PSU activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2025:

	Number of phantom share units (000's)	Value of share equivalents ⁽¹⁾
Balance December 31, 2024	441	\$ 3,537
Issued	272	2,244
Vested	(215)	1,758
Forfeited	(15)	(105)
Balance September 30, 2025	483	\$ 3,280

⁽¹⁾The value of outstanding share equivalents at the beginning of the period is based on the market price of the Company's common shares at that time, the value of issued share equivalents is based on the market price of the Company's common shares at issuance, the value of vested share equivalents is based on the cash paid at the time of vesting, and the values of forfeited share equivalents and outstanding share equivalents at the end of the period are based on the market price of the Company's common shares at the end of the period. The market price of the Company's common shares was \$6.79 and \$8.02 on September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

The change in fair value of the PSUs has been charged to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and recorded as a liability included in accrued liabilities and long-term accrued liabilities. The total liability associated with PSUs at September 30, 2025 is \$1.9 million, with \$1.3 million of this amount included in current accrued liabilities and the remaining portion of \$0.6 million included in long-term accrued liabilities.

The impact associated with the fair value re-measurement of PSUs is recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses within the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. The following table summarizes expense associated with the PSUs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Selling, general and administrative	\$ 353	\$ 619	\$ 1,134	\$ 1,172

The Company paid cash settlements of \$1.8 million and \$1.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, pertaining to vestings of cash-settled PSUs.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company accrues estimates for resolution of any legal and other contingencies when losses are probable and reasonably estimable in accordance with ASC 450, Contingencies ("ASC 450"). No less than quarterly, the Company reviews the status of each significant matter underlying a legal proceeding or claim and assess our potential financial exposure. The Company accrues a liability for an estimated loss if the potential loss from any legal proceeding or claim is considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Significant judgment is required in both the determination of probability and the determination as to whether the amount of an exposure is reasonably estimable, and accruals are based only on the information available to the Company at the time the judgment is made, which may prove to be incomplete or inaccurate or unanticipated events and circumstances may occur that might cause us to change those estimates and assumptions. Furthermore, the outcome of legal proceedings is inherently uncertain, and we may incur substantial defense costs and expenses defending any of these matters.

Legal Proceedings

As previously disclosed, on November 5, 2020, the Company (through its subsidiary Sleep Management LLC) filed a lawsuit against Vyair Medical, Inc. d/b/a CareFusion Respiratory Technologies ("Vyair") in the 15th Judicial District Court for the Parish of Lafayette, Louisiana (the "State Court") seeking damages for breach of contract and seeking declaratory judgment. The State Court issued an order on September 5, 2023 granting the Company Partial Summary Judgment finding that Vyair breached the contract. On June 9, 2024, Vyair and certain of its affiliates filed voluntary bankruptcy under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the US Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Court"). A liquidation analysis subsequently submitted to the Bankruptcy Court disclosed that unsecured claims, including those subordinate to the super-priority claims of certain Vyair creditors, would not receive any recovery under the proposed Chapter 11 reorganization plan or in the event of a Chapter 7 liquidation. Consequently, collection of the Company's unsecured claim against Vyair was determined to be not probable. During the year ended December 31, 2024, outstanding funds receivable in the amount of \$0.9 million related to undelivered respiratory equipment were impaired through Other expense (income).

Governmental and Regulatory Matters

From time to time the Company is involved in various external governmental investigations, audits and reviews. Reviews, audits and investigations of this sort can lead to government actions, which can result in the assessment of recoupment of reimbursement, civil or criminal fines or penalties, or other sanctions, including restrictions or changes in the way the Company conducts business, loss of licensure or exclusion from participation in government healthcare programs.

10. Income Taxes

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$4.2 million, which includes a discrete tax benefit of less than \$0.1 million associated with stock-based compensation arrangements. Excluding the impact of the discrete taxes, the effective rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 is 31.6%. The effective rate differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory federal and state income tax rates to ordinary income before the provision for income taxes due to permanent non-deductible differences. The Company's effective tax rate is based on forecasted annual results which may fluctuate significantly through the rest of the year.

At September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company had no amounts recorded for uncertain tax positions and does not expect any material changes in uncertain tax benefits during the next 12 months. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. The Company is subject to U.S. federal income tax as well as income tax in various states. The Company is generally not subject to examination by taxing authorities for years prior to 2021.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that the Company believes that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. In making such a determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations.

11. Earnings Per Share

Income per common share is calculated using earnings for the year divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Using the treasury stock method, diluted income per share amounts are calculated giving effect to the potential dilution that would occur if securities or other contracts to issue common shares were exercised or converted to common shares by assuming the proceeds received from the exercise of stock options and the vesting of RSUs are used to purchase common shares at the prevailing market rate.

The following reflects the earnings and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Numerator - basic and diluted:				
Net income attributable to Viemed Healthcare, Inc.	\$ 3,513	\$ 3,878	\$ 9,295	\$ 6,949
Denominator:				
Basic weighted-average number of common shares	38,638,660	38,870,823	39,190,666	38,803,887
Diluted weighted-average number of shares	40,495,761	40,779,414	41,086,178	40,702,001
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.18
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.17
Denominator calculation from basic to diluted:				
Basic weighted-average number of common shares	38,638,660	38,870,823	39,190,666	38,803,887
Stock options and other dilutive securities	1,857,101	1,908,591	1,895,512	1,898,114
Diluted weighted-average number of shares	40,495,761	40,779,414	41,086,178	40,702,001

Anti-dilutive shares excluded from the calculation consisted of dilutive employee stock options and RSUs that were de minimis in all periods presented.

12. Subsequent Events

On October 29, 2025, the Company repaid \$5.0 million of its 2022 Revolving Credit Facility, reducing the outstanding balance from \$8.0 million to \$3.0 million.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified entirely by, our condensed consolidated financial statements (including Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements) and the other consolidated financial information under Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Some of the information in this discussion and analysis includes forward-looking statements that involve risk and uncertainties. Actual results and timing of events could differ from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements and information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 or “forward-looking information” as such term is defined in applicable Canadian securities legislation (collectively, “forward-looking statements”). Any statements other than statements of historical information, including those that express, or involve discussions as to, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance, including the Company's expectations about its acquisition of Lehan's Medical Equipment, such as contingent payments and the anticipated synergies and other benefits related thereto, are not historical facts and may be forward-looking and may involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties that could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date they are made, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

Forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect the expectations or beliefs of management regarding future events, and include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to: operating results; profitability; financial condition and resources; anticipated needs for working capital; liquidity; capital resources; capital expenditures; milestones; licensing milestones; information with respect to future growth and growth strategies; anticipated trends in our industry; our future financing plans; timelines; currency fluctuations; government regulation; unanticipated expenses; commercial disputes or claims; limitations on insurance coverage or other reimbursement; and availability of cash flow to fund capital requirements. Often, but not always, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of words such as “plans”, “expects”, “is expected”, “budget”, “potential”, “scheduled”, “estimates”, “forecasts”, “intends”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “projects”, or the negatives thereof or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results “will”, “should”, “may”, “could”, “would”, “might” or “will be taken”, “occur” or “be achieved” or the negative of these terms or comparable terminology.

Forward-looking statements are based on the reasonable assumptions, estimates, analysis and opinions of management made in light of its experience and its perception of trends, current conditions and expected developments, as well as other factors that management believes to be relevant and reasonable in the circumstances at the date that such statements are made, but which may prove to be incorrect. We believe that the assumptions and expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable. We cannot assure you, however, that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, including those identified under “Item 1A. Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the other documents we file with the SEC, including under “Item 1A. Risk Factors” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, and with the securities regulatory authorities in certain provinces of Canada, which contribute to the possibility that the predicted outcomes may not occur or may be delayed. The risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, that could influence actual results include, but are not limited to: the general business, market and economic conditions in the regions in which we operate; significant capital requirements and operating risks that we may be subject to; our ability to implement business strategies and pursue business opportunities; volatility in the market price of our common shares; the state of the capital markets; the availability of funds and resources to pursue operations; inflation; reductions in reimbursement rates and audits of reimbursement claims by various governmental and private payor entities; dependence on few payors; possible new drug discoveries; dependence on key suppliers; granting of permits and licenses in a highly regulated business; competition; disruptions in or attacks (including cyber-attacks) on our information technology, internet, network access or other voice or data communications systems or services; the evolution of various types of fraud or other criminal behavior to which we are exposed; difficulty integrating newly acquired businesses; the impact of new and changes to, or application of, current laws and regulations; the overall difficult litigation and regulatory environment; increased competition; increased funding costs and market volatility due to market illiquidity and competition for funding; critical accounting estimates and changes to accounting standards, policies, and methods used by us; and the occurrence of natural and unnatural catastrophic events or health epidemics or concerns, and claims resulting from such events or concerns, as well as other general economic, market and business conditions; and other factors beyond our control.

General Matters

In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Viamed Healthcare, Inc. and subsidiaries in which it has a controlling financial interest.

We were incorporated on December 14, 2016 pursuant to the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia). As of June 30, 2020, we determined that we no longer qualify as a "foreign private issuer," as defined in Rule 3b-4 of the Exchange Act, for the purposes of the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. As a result, effective January 1, 2021, we became subject to the proxy solicitation rules under Section 14 of the Exchange Act and Regulation FD, and our officers, directors, and principal shareholders became subject to the reporting and short-swing profit recovery provisions contained in Section 16 of the Exchange Act. We will continue to file annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, and current reports on Form 8-K with the SEC and with the relevant Canadian securities regulatory authorities on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR).

Overview

We provide an array of home medical equipment, services and supplies, specializing in post-acute respiratory care services in the United States. Our primary objective is to focus on the organic growth of the business and thereby solidify our position as one of the United States' largest providers of in-home therapy for patients suffering from respiratory diseases. Our respiratory care programs are designed specifically for payors to have the ability to treat patients in the home for less total cost and with a superior quality of care. Our services include respiratory disease management (through the rental of various HME devices), neuromuscular care, in-home sleep testing and sleep apnea treatment, maternal health, oxygen therapy, the sale of associated supplies, and healthcare staffing services.

We derive a significant portion of our revenue through the rental of non-invasive and invasive ventilators which represented 48.5% and 54.8% of our revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and 52.0% and 55.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. We combine the benefits of home ventilation support with licensed Respiratory Therapists ("RTs") to drive improved patient outcomes and reduce costly hospital readmissions.

We expect to grow through expansion of existing service areas as well as in new territories through a cost efficient launch that reduces location expenses. We currently serve patients in all 50 states. We anticipate expanding our workforce of RTs to support our growth and ensure our high service model is maintained in the home. As of September 30, 2025, we employed 414 licensed RTs, representing approximately 30% of our company-wide employee count. Beyond fulfilling our internal staffing needs, we also provide healthcare staffing and recruitment services, offering tailored workforce solutions to external healthcare institutions and partners seeking qualified clinical professionals.

By focusing overhead costs on personnel that service the patient rather than physical location costs, we anticipate that we will efficiently scale our business in territories that are currently not being effectively serviced.

The continued trend of servicing patients in the home rather than in hospitals is aligned with our business objective and we anticipate that this trend will continue to offer growth opportunities for us. We expect to continue to be a solution to the rising health costs in the United States by offering more cost effective, home based solutions while increasing the quality of life for patients fighting serious respiratory diseases.

Trends Affecting our Business

Demographic and Market Trends

Home medical equipment markets are witnessing sustained expansion, with a notable focus on the complex respiratory and Obstructive Sleep Apnea ("OSA") device segments. Analysts in the industry anticipate a consistent and robust growth trajectory, projecting Compound Annual Growth Rates ("CAGR") of approximately 6% for respiratory devices and 8% for OSA devices. This upward trend underscores the increasing demand for innovative solutions in respiratory care and sleep apnea management, highlighting the industry's responsiveness to evolving healthcare needs. As technological advancements and awareness drive the adoption of these specialized devices, we believe the HME markets, particularly in respiratory and OSA, are positioned for continuous expansion, offering promising opportunities for both providers and consumers alike.

The aging population remains a pivotal driver for the industry, as the elderly, constituting a substantial portion of HME patients, are expected to represent a higher percentage of the overall population. Projections from industry analysts indicate a consistent annual growth in the number of Medicare beneficiaries, contributing to ongoing patient volume growth. A significant contributing factor to the industry's growth is the rising incidence of chronic diseases. Factors such as increasing obesity rates, consequences of past smoking prevalence, under-diagnosis of certain health conditions, and higher diagnosis rates for chronic diseases collectively shape the industry. There is a notable shift towards home-based treatment for these conditions.

The industry is undergoing a transition to value-based healthcare, with both government and commercial payors increasingly adopting models that emphasize the transition of patients from acute care settings to home care. We believe HME providers are well-positioned to benefit from this industry shift. Advancements in technology and medical equipment have led to an increased prevalence of in-home treatments. The broader range of treatments administered in patient homes is expected to continue growing. Projections from industry analysts indicate that U.S. home healthcare spending will increase, reaching \$250 billion by 2031, with a CAGR of approximately 7%.

Market consolidation is a notable trend favoring larger, financially stable players. The decline in the number of smaller regional players is attributed to the capital investment and scale required to compete effectively. This has led to a more consolidated and competitive landscape in the durable medical equipment ("DME") market.

Despite these positive trends, the industry faces challenges such as cost containment efforts of payors. The consolidation of managed care payors into larger purchasing groups has increased negotiating power, resulting in pricing pressure on HME providers. In addition to ongoing negotiations relating to contract management with third party payors to secure fair reimbursement, HME providers are engaging in value-based contracting, focusing on outcomes and patient satisfaction. These value-based contracts leverage data analytics to demonstrate the cost-effectiveness and quality of durable medical goods and provide evidence-based data to payors demonstrating the long-term benefits and cost savings associated with the use of certain medical goods.

Regulatory and Policy Developments

Regulatory and policy developments remain a key area of focus. In particular, ventilator coverage has received renewed attention from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS"). Although ventilators have historically been included under the National Coverage Determination ("NCD") for the Durable Medical Equipment Reference List, there was previously no dedicated policy specifically addressing ventilator use. On September 11, 2024, CMS initiated a national coverage analysis to evaluate noninvasive positive pressure ventilation in the home for the treatment of chronic respiratory failure associated with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. CMS issued a proposed decision memorandum on March 11, 2025, followed by a final NCD on June 9, 2025. We actively participated in this process through formal comments and engagement with CMS, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS"), and members of Congress. The final NCD establishes specific medical necessity criteria for ventilator use that are expected to influence patient access, reimbursement, and utilization patterns. In addition to affecting traditional Medicare, the NCD may also influence coverage determinations and reimbursement policies under commercial insurance and Medicare Advantage plans that reference or align with CMS coverage criteria. These changes may have a material impact on our business.

In addition, CMS has proposed comprehensive reforms to the Medicare Competitive Bidding Program ("CBP") for Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies ("DMEPOS"), along with related updates to supplier accreditation standards and Medicare provider enrollment requirements. The proposals are intended to modernize the program by refining payment methodologies, contract award processes, and supplier oversight. Although the final scope and timing of these reforms remain subject to CMS rulemaking, providers with greater scale, infrastructure, and compliance capabilities are generally positioned to compete more effectively under a restructured CBP. Larger operators may benefit from economies of scale that support service obligations, enable pricing flexibility, and enhance administrative efficiency relative to smaller suppliers.

The federal budget reconciliation legislation, known as the One Big Beautiful Bill Act (“OBBBA”), signed into law on July 4, 2025, introduces a broad set of statutory and policy changes that may affect the healthcare industry and our operations. Key provisions include revisions to Medicaid renewal and eligibility rules, adjustments to Medicaid state-directed payments and provider tax frameworks, new cost-sharing requirements, reduced home equity thresholds for long-term care eligibility, expanded telehealth coverage, and state waivers to support home and community-based services. The OBBBA also establishes a Rural Health Transformation program aimed at improving access and care coordination in underserved communities. Implementation of Pay-As-You-Go (“PAYGO”) rules could result in future adjustments to Medicare and Medicaid spending, including cost containment measures or payment reductions that may impact providers. Most provisions are scheduled to take effect in 2027 and 2028, although some states may elect to implement certain measures as early as 2026. We continue to monitor these regulatory developments closely.

Cost Pressures

Viemed operates in an environment of ongoing cost pressures from general cost increases, supply chain dynamics, and government policy. Manufacturing and distribution expenses are influenced by factors such as rising material, labor, and transportation costs, including fuel.

As discussed in Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we are primarily exposed to trade policy and tariff developments indirectly, through supplier pricing and component sourcing rather than direct import activity. In early 2025, the U.S. government announced new tariffs on a broad range of imported goods from multiple countries, prompting reciprocal tariffs from affected trade partners. While medical equipment has traditionally been excluded from such tariffs, the expanded scope of recent trade measures and the possibility of further escalation create significant uncertainty around equipment pricing and supply availability. To date, we have not experienced a significant impact on our operating costs or supply availability as a result of these tariff actions, but the timing, scope, and duration of future measures remain unpredictable. The Company is actively monitoring these developments and continuously assessing their potential operational and financial impacts.

Future volatility in general price inflation and its impact on material availability, shipping, warehousing, and operational overhead could further impact financial results. Viemed attempts to manage these pressures through its inflation-linked reimbursement contracts, negotiation, leveraging its purchasing power, and embracing technology, such as its proprietary clinical management platform.

The below table highlights summary financial and operational metrics for the last eight quarters.

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except vent patients)

For the quarter ended	September 30, 2025	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	September 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Financial Information:								
Revenue	\$ 71,914	\$ 63,056	\$ 59,129	\$ 60,695	\$ 58,004	\$ 54,965	\$ 50,593	\$ 50,739
Gross Profit	\$ 41,345	\$ 36,731	\$ 33,279	\$ 36,138	\$ 34,371	\$ 32,892	\$ 29,802	\$ 32,111
Gross Profit %	57 %	58 %	56 %	60 %	59 %	60 %	59 %	63 %
Net Income attributable to Viemed Healthcare, Inc.	\$ 3,513	\$ 3,157	\$ 2,625	\$ 4,316	\$ 3,878	\$ 1,468	\$ 1,603	\$ 3,477
Cash and Cash Equivalents (As of)	\$ 11,123	\$ 20,016	\$ 10,160	\$ 17,540	\$ 11,347	\$ 8,807	\$ 7,309	\$ 12,839
Total Assets (As of)	\$ 202,360	\$ 184,603	\$ 178,079	\$ 177,069	\$ 169,526	\$ 163,947	\$ 154,875	\$ 154,895
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$ 16,121	\$ 14,287	\$ 12,765	\$ 14,242	\$ 13,954	\$ 12,813	\$ 10,098	\$ 12,845
Operational Information:								
Vent Patients ⁽²⁾	12,372	12,152	11,809	11,795	11,374	10,905	10,450	10,327
PAP Therapy Patients ⁽³⁾	31,891	26,260	22,899	21,338	19,478	17,349	15,726	14,900
Sleep Resupply Patients ⁽⁴⁾	33,518	25,246	22,941	24,478	22,143	20,185	18,904	18,902

⁽¹⁾ Refer to "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section below for definition of Adjusted EBITDA.

⁽²⁾ Vent Patients represents the number of active ventilator patients on recurring billing service at the end of each calendar quarter.

⁽³⁾ PAP Therapy Patients represents the number of distinct patients billed for PAP therapy services during each calendar quarter.

⁽⁴⁾ Sleep Resupply Patients represents the number of distinct patients who received supplies through our sleep resupply program during each calendar quarter.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

Three Months Ended September 30,						
	2025	% of Total Revenue	2024	% of Total Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$ 71,914	100.0 %	\$ 58,004	100.0 %	\$ 13,910	24.0 %
Cost of revenue	30,569	42.5 %	23,633	40.7 %	6,936	29.3 %
Gross profit	41,345	57.5 %	34,371	59.3 %	6,974	20.3 %
Selling, general and administrative	31,919	44.4 %	26,671	46.0 %	5,248	19.7 %
Research and development	775	1.1 %	757	1.3 %	18	2.4 %
Stock-based compensation	2,180	3.0 %	1,712	3.0 %	468	27.3 %
Depreciation and amortization	397	0.6 %	348	0.6 %	49	14.1 %
Loss (gain) on disposal of property and equipment	476	0.7 %	(469)	(0.8)%	945	(201.5)%
Other expense (income), net	(44)	(0.1)%	(276)	(0.5)%	232	(84.1)%
Income from operations	5,642	7.8 %	5,628	9.7 %	14	0.2 %
Non-operating income and expenses						
Income (loss) from investments	—	— %	96	0.2 %	(96)	(100.0)%
Interest expense, net	(507)	(0.7)%	(225)	(0.4)%	(282)	125.3 %
Net income before taxes	5,135	7.1 %	5,499	9.5 %	(364)	(6.6)%
Provision for income taxes	1,535	2.1 %	1,594	2.7 %	(59)	(3.7)%
Net income	3,600	5.0 %	3,905	6.7 %	(305)	(7.8)%
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	87	0.1 %	27	— %	60	222.2 %
Net income attributable to Viamed Healthcare, Inc.	\$ 3,513	4.9 %	\$ 3,878	6.7 %	\$ (365)	(9.4)%

Revenue

The following table summarizes our revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

Three Months Ended September 30,						
	2025	% of Total Revenue	2024	% of Total Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
Revenue from rentals						
Ventilator rentals, non-invasive and invasive	\$ 34,883	48.5 %	\$ 31,772	54.8 %	\$ 3,111	9.8 %
Other home medical equipment rentals	15,401	21.4 %	12,459	21.5 %	2,942	23.6 %
Revenue from sales and services						
Equipment and supply sales	15,700	21.8 %	8,440	14.6 %	7,260	86.0 %
Service revenues	5,930	8.3 %	5,333	9.2 %	597	11.2 %
Total revenue	\$ 71,914	100.0 %	\$ 58,004	100.0 %	\$ 13,910	24.0 %

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, revenue totaled \$71.9 million, an increase of \$13.9 million (or 24.0%) from the comparable period in 2024. The primary driver of this growth was equipment and supply sales revenue, which increased by \$7.3 million (or 86.0%) largely due to the success of our sleep resupply program and the addition of maternal health offerings in connection with the Lehan acquisition. Ventilator rental revenue increased by \$3.1 million (or 9.8%) primarily as a result of higher patient volumes and sustained demand for ventilation services. Rental revenue from other home medical equipment increased by \$2.9 million (or 23.6%) reflecting an expanding patient base and continued demand for Positive Airway Pressure (PAP) therapy, oxygen therapy, and percussion vest services. Services revenue increased by \$0.6 million (or 11.2%) due to the growth of healthcare staffing offerings.

While ventilator rentals continue to represent a significant portion of our total revenue, the growth in equipment and supply sales, as well as our healthcare staffing offerings, is contributing to the diversity of our overall revenue mix. As we broaden our geographic footprint and deepen our presence in existing markets, we expect further growth in our ventilator patient base. Additionally, the continued expansion of existing home medical equipment offerings, together with the introduction of new and complementary products, is expected to serve as an additional driver of revenue growth in future periods.

Cost of revenue and gross profit

Cost of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2025 was \$30.6 million, an increase of \$6.9 million (or 29.3%) compared to the same period in 2024. This increase was primarily driven by higher patient volumes and the expansion of our service offerings, which contributed to overall revenue growth.

Gross profit margin decreased modestly to 57.5% in the three months ended September 30, 2025, compared to 59.3% for the same period in 2024. The decline in gross margin was primarily attributable to changes in the revenue mix associated with the diversification of our products and services.

We expect continued growth and scale to support improved cost efficiencies over time. However, the evolving revenue mix may partially offset these benefits. As a result, gross margins may fluctuate in future periods depending on the composition of revenue sources and the degree to which economies of scale are realized.

Selling, general and administrative expense

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue improved to 44.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2025 compared to 46.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Selling, general and administrative expenses totaled \$31.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025, an increase of \$5.2 million (or 19.7%) from the comparable period in 2024.

The improvement in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue reflects continued operating leverage and efficiency gains. The overall increase in selling, general and administrative expense compared to the prior period is primarily attributable to additional employee-related expenses to accommodate the overall growth of the Company and the impact of the Lehan acquisition completed on July 1, 2025. Employee compensation expenses increased \$2.7 million (or 13.8%) as a result of the increase in our employee headcount from both organic expansion and the acquired operations. We expect that selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue will continue to improve through the end of 2025 supported by ongoing efficiency initiatives and disciplined cost management.

Research and development

For both the three months ended September 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024, research and development expense totaled \$0.8 million. As we continue to invest in research and development related projects to support our technology initiatives, we expect that the associated costs will remain consistent in 2025 relative to 2024.

Stock-based compensation

Stock-based compensation totaled \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025, an increase of 27.3% compared to the same period in 2024. The increase reflects our continued investment in employee retention and long-term incentive programs, including the broader integration of equity-based awards into our compensation structure.

As we continue to expand our workforce and align employee incentives with long-term shareholder value, stock-based compensation is expected to remain a consistent component of our cost structure throughout the remainder of 2025.

Loss (gain) on disposal of property and equipment

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recognized a \$0.5 million loss on the disposal of property and equipment, compared to a \$0.5 million gain in the same period of 2024. The current period loss was primarily related to patient equipment that was damaged or destroyed and subsequently written off. The prior-year gain was primarily attributable to proceeds from the sale of recalled ventilators back to the manufacturer.

As our participation in the ventilator buyback program has substantially concluded, no material gains from these transactions are expected in future periods. However, the Company expects that certain losses associated with the disposal of damaged or destroyed equipment may continue to occur in future periods.

Interest expense, net

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, net interest expense totaled \$0.5 million, an increase of \$0.3 million from the comparable period in 2024. The increase in net interest expense is primarily due to outstanding borrowings as a result of debt issued to fund the Lehan acquisition. However, with anticipated debt repayments, we expect a reduction in quarterly net interest expense for the remainder of 2025.

Provision for income taxes

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, the provision for income taxes was a \$1.5 million expense, compared to a \$1.6 million expense during the 2024 period. Our annual estimated effective tax rate for 2025 is 31.6%.

Net income

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, net income was \$3.6 million, a decrease of \$0.3 million (or 7.8%) from the comparable period in 2024. Net income as a percentage of revenue decreased from 6.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 to 5.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2025, primarily due to the gains recognized in 2024 from our participation in the ventilator buyback program.

Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2025	% of Total Revenue	2024	% of Total Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$ 194,099	100.0 %	\$ 163,562	100.0 %	\$ 30,537	18.7 %
Cost of revenue	82,744	42.6 %	66,497	40.7 %	16,247	24.4 %
Gross profit	111,355	57.4 %	97,065	59.3 %	14,290	14.7 %
Selling, general and administrative	89,147	45.9 %	77,988	47.7 %	11,159	14.3 %
Research and development	2,419	1.2 %	2,265	1.4 %	154	6.8 %
Stock-based compensation	6,832	3.5 %	4,764	2.9 %	2,068	43.4 %
Depreciation and amortization	1,098	0.7 %	1,140	0.7 %	(42)	(3.7)%
Loss (gain) on disposal of property and equipment	(2,528)	(1.3)%	(801)	(0.5)%	(1,727)	215.6 %
Other expense (income), net	(191)	(0.1)%	261	0.2 %	(452)	(173.2)%
Income from operations	14,578	7.5 %	11,448	7.0 %	3,130	27.3 %
Non-operating income and expenses						
Income (loss) from investments	—	— %	(954)	(0.6)%	954	(100.0)%
Interest expense, net	(818)	(0.3)%	(629)	(0.4)%	(189)	30.0 %
Net income before taxes	13,760	7.1 %	9,865	6.0 %	3,895	39.5 %
Provision for income taxes	4,200	2.2 %	2,880	1.8 %	1,320	45.8 %
Net income	9,560	4.9 %	6,985	4.3 %	2,575	36.9 %
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	265	0.2 %	36	— %	229	636.1 %
Net income attributable to Viamed Healthcare, Inc.	\$ 9,295	4.8 %	\$ 6,949	4.2 %	\$ 2,346	33.8 %

Revenue

The following table summarizes our revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2025	% of Total Revenue	2024	% of Total Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
Revenue from rentals						
Ventilator rentals, non-invasive and invasive	\$ 100,862	52.0 %	\$ 91,404	55.9 %	\$ 9,458	10.3 %
Other home medical equipment rentals	42,199	21.7 %	35,604	21.8 %	6,595	18.5 %
Revenue from sales and services						
Equipment and supply sales	32,720	16.9 %	21,956	13.4 %	10,764	49.0 %
Service revenues	18,318	9.4 %	14,598	8.9 %	3,720	25.5 %
Total revenue	\$ 194,099	100.0 %	\$ 163,562	100.0 %	\$ 30,537	18.7 %

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, revenue totaled \$194.1 million, an increase of \$30.5 million (or 18.7%) from the comparable period in 2024. The primary driver of this growth was our equipment and supply sales revenue, which increased by \$10.8 million (or 49.0%), largely due to the success of our sleep resupply program and the addition of maternal health offerings in connection with the Lehan acquisition. Ventilator rental revenue increased by \$9.5 million (or 10.3%), primarily as a result of higher patient volumes and sustained demand for ventilation services. Rental revenue from other home medical equipment increased by \$6.6 million (or 18.5%), reflecting an expanding patient base and strong demand for Positive Airway Pressure (PAP) therapy, oxygen therapy, and percussion vest services. Services revenue increased by \$3.7 million (or 25.5%) primarily due to the growth of healthcare staffing offerings.

While ventilator rentals continue to represent a significant portion of our total revenue, the growth in equipment and supply sales, as well as our healthcare staffing offerings, is contributing to the diversity of our overall revenue mix. As we broaden our geographic footprint and deepen our presence in existing markets, we expect further growth in our ventilator patient base. Additionally, the continued expansion of existing home medical equipment offerings, together with the introduction of new and complementary products, is expected to serve as an additional driver of revenue growth in future periods.

Cost of revenue and gross profit

Cost of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 was \$82.7 million, an increase of \$16.2 million (or 24.4%) compared to the same period in 2024. This increase was primarily driven by higher patient volumes and the expansion of our service offerings, which contributed to overall revenue growth.

Gross profit margin decreased to 57.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2025, compared to 59.3% for the same period in 2024. The decline in gross margin was primarily attributable to changes in the revenue mix associated with the diversification of our products and services.

We expect continued growth and scale to support improved cost efficiencies over time. However, the evolving revenue mix may partially offset these benefits. As a result, gross margins may fluctuate in future periods depending on the composition of revenue sources and the degree to which economies of scale are realized.

Selling, general and administrative expense

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue improved to 45.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2025, compared to 47.7% for the same period in 2024. Selling, general and administrative expenses totaled \$89.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2025, an increase of \$11.2 million (or 14.3%) from the comparable period in 2024.

The improvement in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue reflects continued operating leverage and efficiency gains. The overall increase in selling, general and administrative expenses compared to the prior period is primarily attributable to additional employee-related expenses to support the Company's overall growth and the impact of the Lehan acquisition completed on July 1, 2025. Employee compensation expenses increased \$6.7 million (or 12.0%) as a result of the increase in our employee headcount from both organic expansion and the acquired operations. We expect that selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue will continue to improve through the end of 2025, supported by ongoing efficiency initiatives and disciplined cost management.

Research and development

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, research and development expense totaled \$2.4 million, an increase of \$0.2 million from the comparable period in 2024. As we continue to invest in research and development related projects to support our technology initiatives, we expect that the associated costs will remain consistent in 2025 relative to 2024.

Stock-based compensation

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, stock-based compensation totaled \$6.8 million, an increase of 43.4% from the comparable period in 2024. The increase reflects our continued investment in employee retention and long-term incentive programs, including the broader integration of equity-based awards into our compensation structure.

As we expand our workforce and align employee incentives with long-term shareholder value, we expect stock-based compensation to remain a consistent component of our cost structure throughout the remainder of 2025.

Gain on disposal of property and equipment

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, gain on disposal of property and equipment totaled \$2.5 million compared to gain on disposal of property and equipment of \$0.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. In both periods, the gains were primarily attributable to proceeds from the sale of recalled ventilators back to the manufacturer.

As our participation in the ventilator buyback program has substantially concluded, we do not expect further material gains from these transactions in future periods. However, the Company expects that certain losses associated with the disposal of damaged or destroyed equipment may continue to occur in future periods.

Income (loss) from investments

The \$1.0 million loss from investments in the prior year period ended September 30, 2024 primarily reflects a loss recognized on a debt investment during the period. No investment-related loss was recorded in the current period.

Interest expense, net

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, net interest expense totaled \$0.8 million, an increase of \$0.2 million from the comparable period in 2024. The increase in net interest expense is primarily due to outstanding borrowings as a result of debt issued to fund the Lehan acquisition. However, with anticipated debt repayments, we expect a reduction in quarterly net interest expense for the remainder of 2025.

Provision for income taxes

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the provision for income taxes was a \$4.2 million expense, compared to a \$2.9 million expense during the 2024 period. Our annual estimated effective tax rate for 2025 is 31.6%.

Net income

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, net income was \$9.6 million, an increase of \$2.6 million (or 36.9%) from the comparable period in 2024. Net income as a percentage of revenue increased from 4.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 to 4.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company uses Adjusted EBITDA, which is a financial measure that is not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"). Adjusted EBITDA should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. Management believes Adjusted EBITDA provides helpful information with respect to the Company's operating performance as viewed by management, including a view of the Company's business that is not dependent on the impact of the Company's capitalization structure and items that are not part of the Company's day-to-day operations. Management uses Adjusted EBITDA (i) to compare the Company's operating performance on a consistent basis, (ii) to calculate incentive compensation for the Company's employees, (iii) for planning purposes, including the preparation of the Company's internal annual operating budget, and (iv) to evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the Company's operational strategies. Accordingly, management believes that Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information in understanding and evaluating the Company's operating performance in the same manner as management. It is not a measurement of our financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to revenue or net income, as applicable, or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP or as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of the Company's liquidity. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our operating results as reported under GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the impact of certain cash charges resulting from matters we consider not to be indicative of ongoing operations; and other companies in our industry may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently than we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure. In calculating Adjusted EBITDA, certain items (mostly non-cash) are excluded from net income attributable to Viemed Healthcare, Inc. including depreciation and amortization of capitalized assets, net interest expense, stock based compensation, transaction costs, impairment of assets, and taxes.

The following table is a reconciliation of net income attributable to Viemed Healthcare, Inc., the most directly comparable GAAP measure, to Adjusted EBITDA, on a historical basis for the periods indicated:

For the quarter ended	September 30, 2025	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	September 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Net income attributable to Viemed Healthcare, Inc.	\$ 3,513	\$ 3,157	\$ 2,625	\$ 4,316	\$ 3,878	\$ 1,468	\$ 1,603	\$ 3,477
Add back:								
Depreciation & amortization	7,539	6,891	6,613	6,366	6,408	6,309	6,285	5,918
Interest expense, net	507	132	179	147	225	254	150	256
Stock-based compensation ^(a)	2,180	2,341	2,311	1,521	1,712	1,620	1,432	1,534
Transaction costs ^(b)	847	53	85	11	12	221	110	61
Impairment of assets ^(c)	—	—	—	—	125	2,173	—	—
Income tax expense	1,535	1,713	952	1,881	1,594	768	518	1,599
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 16,121	\$ 14,287	\$ 12,765	\$ 14,242	\$ 13,954	\$ 12,813	\$ 10,098	\$ 12,845

(a) Represents non-cash, equity-based compensation expense associated with option and RSU awards.

(b) Represents transaction costs and expenses related to acquisition and integration efforts associated with recently announced or completed acquisitions.

(c) Represents impairments of the fair value of investment and litigation-related assets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2025 was \$11.1 million, compared to \$17.5 million at December 31, 2024. Typically, our principal source of liquidity is the collection of our patient accounts receivable. In addition to our collection of patient accounts receivable, from time to time, we can and do obtain additional sources of liquidity by the incurrence of additional indebtedness. Based on our current plan of operations, we believe cash and cash equivalents, when combined with expected cash flows from operations and amounts available under our 2022 Senior Credit Facilities will be sufficient to fund our growth strategy and to meet our anticipated operating expenses, capital expenditures, and debt service obligations for at least the next 12 months from the date of this filing. The Company has also historically utilized short term financing arrangements with suppliers that could be extended over a longer term if there was a need for additional liquidity.

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods indicated:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024
Net Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 33,475	\$ 24,102
Investing activities	(42,554)	(21,501)
Financing activities	2,662	(4,093)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (6,417)	\$ (1,492)

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 was \$33.5 million, resulting from net income of \$9.6 million, increased by net income adjustments of \$28.2 million and offset by an increase in non-cash working capital of \$4.3 million. The net income adjustments primarily consisted of \$21.0 million of depreciation and amortization, \$6.8 million of stock-based compensation, and a \$2.7 million deferred income tax expense, partially offset by a \$2.5 million gain on disposal of property and equipment. The primary changes in non-cash working capital were an increase in accrued liabilities of \$1.6 million and trade payables of \$0.8 million, partially offset by a change in income tax payable/receivable of \$5.8 million and an increase in net accounts receivable of \$0.7 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$24.1 million, resulting from net income of \$7.0 million, increased by net income adjustments of \$20.8 million and offset by an increase in non-cash working capital of \$3.7 million. The net income adjustments primarily consisted of \$19.0 million of depreciation and amortization, \$4.8 million of stock-based compensation, a \$3.5 million change in deferred tax asset, and an impairment loss on debt investment of \$1.3 million. The primary change in non-cash working capital was an increase in net accounts receivable of \$8.2 million partially offset by an increase in accrued liabilities of \$2.4 million.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 was \$42.6 million, primarily due to the net cash paid for the acquisition of Lehan of \$26.3 million. Net cash used for capital expenditures during the period was \$16.2 million, consisting of \$31.2 million of purchases of property and equipment, partially offset by \$15.0 million of sales proceeds from the disposal of property and equipment. Net cash used for capital expenditures represents a decrease of \$2.3 million, or 12.3%, year over year. Purchases of property and equipment were primarily related to medical equipment rented to our patients.

Net cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$21.5 million. Net cash used for capital expenditures during the period was \$18.5 million and consisted of \$25.9 million of purchases of property and equipment, partially offset by \$7.4 million of sales proceeds from the disposal of property and equipment. Purchases of property and equipment were primarily related to medical equipment rented to our patients. Net cash used in investing activities also included \$3.0 million of net cash paid for the acquisition of HomeMed.

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 was \$2.7 million. During the period, proceeds from the 2022 Term Loan Facility (as defined below) were \$9.0 million and proceeds from the 2022 Revolving Credit Facility (as defined below) were \$13.0 million, which were used to partially fund the cash acquisition of Lehan. Subsequent to the Lehan acquisition, the Company made \$5.0 million of principal payments on the 2022 Revolving Credit Facility. In addition, the Company repurchased and cancelled common shares totaling \$13.2 million under the 2025 Share Repurchase Program and \$1.7 million to satisfy employee income tax withholding obligations associated with the vesting of RSUs, while proceeds from the exercise of stock options were \$1.4 million during the period.

Net cash used in financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$4.1 million. During the period, proceeds from the 2022 Revolving Credit Facility were \$3.0 million, which were used to fund the HomeMed acquisition. Subsequent to the HomeMed acquisition, principal payments on the 2022 Revolving Credit Facility were \$5.0 million. Principal payments on the 2022 Term Loan Facility were \$0.2 million. Additionally, principal payments on acquired loans were \$0.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The Company acquired and cancelled 142,489 common shares at a cost of \$1.1 million to satisfy employee income tax withholding obligations associated with the vesting of RSUs during the period while proceeds from the exercise of stock options during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 were \$0.4 million.

Senior Credit Facilities

On November 29, 2022, the Company refinanced its existing borrowings under the prior Commercial Business Loan Agreement with Hancock Whitney Bank and entered into a new credit agreement (the "2022 Senior Credit Facilities") with the lenders from time to time party thereto, and Regions Bank, as administrative agent and collateral agent, that provides for an up to \$30.0 million revolving credit facility (the "2022 Revolving Credit Facility") and an up to \$30.0 million delayed draw term loan facility (the "2022 Term Loan Facility"), both maturing in November 2027. On May 28, 2024, the Company entered into a First Amendment to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities that (a) extended the delayed draw term loan commitment expiration date to November 29, 2025, from its initial expiration date of May 29, 2024, and (b) provided for other technical amendments. On June 6, 2025, the Company entered into a Second Amendment to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities that (a) increased the permitted amount of restricted payments that may be made by the Company and its subsidiaries subject to specified conditions, and (b) made other conforming and administrative changes.

The proceeds of the 2022 Revolving Credit Facility may be used to refinance existing indebtedness, for working capital purposes, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes (including permitted acquisitions), and to pay transaction fees, costs and expenses related to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities. The proceeds of the 2022 Term Loan Facility and any additional term loans established in accordance with the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities may be used to finance permitted acquisitions and to pay transaction fees, costs and expenses related to such acquisitions. Outstanding borrowings under the 2022 Term Loan Facility and 2022 Revolving Credit Facility were \$13.1 million and \$8.0 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2025.

The interest rates per annum applicable to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities are Term SOFR plus an applicable margin, which ranges from 2.625% to 3.375%, or, at the option of the Company, a Base Rate (as defined in the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities) plus an applicable margin, which ranges from 1.625% to 2.375%.

The 2022 Senior Credit Facilities require the Company to comply with certain affirmative, as well as certain negative covenants that, among other things, will restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the ability of the Company to incur indebtedness, grant liens, make investments, engage in acquisitions, mergers or consolidations and pay dividends and other restricted payments. The 2022 Senior Credit Facilities also include certain financial covenants, which generally include, but are not limited to the following:

- Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio (defined generally as total indebtedness to adjusted EBITDA) of not greater than (i) for any fiscal quarter ending during the period from the closing date to and including December 31, 2024, 2.75 to 1.0 and (ii) for any fiscal quarter ending on and after March 31, 2025, 2.50 to 1.0, subject to certain adjustments following a material acquisition.
- Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (defined generally as (a) adjusted EBITDA minus capital expenditures minus cash taxes to (b) the sum of scheduled principal payments plus cash interest expense plus restricted payments) of not less than 1.25:1.0.

The Company was in compliance with all covenants under the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities in effect at September 30, 2025.

Use of Funds

Our principal uses of cash are funding the purchase of rental assets and other capital purchases, the repayment of debt, funding of acquisitions, operations, and other working capital requirements. Our contractual obligations primarily relate to the repayment of existing debt and contractual obligations for operating and finance leases. The following table presents our material contractual obligations and commitments to make future payments as of September 30, 2025:

	Within 12 Months	Beyond 12 Months
Debt Obligations, including interest	\$ 3,187	\$ 21,602
Lease Obligations	1,388	2,677
Total	\$ 4,575	\$ 24,279

Except for the funding of potential acquisitions and investments, we anticipate that our operating cash flows will satisfy our material cash requirements for the 12 months after September 30, 2025. In addition to our operating cash flows, we may need to raise additional funds to support our contractual obligations and investing activities beyond such 12 month period, and such funding may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are unable to raise additional funds when needed, our operations and ability to execute our business strategy could be adversely affected. We may seek to raise additional funds through equity, equity-linked or debt financings. If we raise additional funds through the incurrence of indebtedness, such indebtedness would have rights that are senior to holders of our equity securities and could contain covenants that restrict our operations. Any additional equity financing may be dilutive to our stockholders.

Leases

Leases under which we assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lesser of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to the asset. The associated lease liability is drawn down over the life of the lease by allocating a portion of each lease payment to the liability with the remainder being recognized as finance charges. Leases that do not transfer the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are treated as operating leases and are expensed as incurred.

Retirement Plan

The Company maintains a 401(k) retirement plan for employees to which eligible employees can contribute a percentage of their pre-tax compensation. Matching employer contributions to the 401(k) plan totaled \$455,000 and \$358,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and \$1,400,000 and \$1,230,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no material undisclosed off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on its results of operations or financial condition.

Accounting and Disclosure Matters

Critical Accounting Estimates

We are required to disclose “critical accounting estimates” which are estimates made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles that involve a significant level of estimation uncertainty and that have had or are reasonably likely to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

We follow financial accounting and reporting policies that are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The more significant of these policies are summarized in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements included in Part II, Item 8 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. Not all significant accounting policies require management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments. However, the policy noted below could be deemed to meet the SEC's definition of a critical accounting estimate.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded based upon contractually agreed-upon rates, reduced by estimated adjustments for variable consideration for implicit price concessions related to sales revenues and estimated probable losses related to rental revenues. Due to the nature of the industry and the reimbursement environment in which we operate, certain estimates are required in order to record revenues and accounts receivable net of these adjustments. Management's evaluation takes into consideration such factors as historical realization data, including current and historical cash collections, accounts receivable aging trends, other operating trends and relevant business conditions.

Inherent in these estimates is the risk that they may have to be revised or updated as additional information becomes available. It is possible that management's estimates could change, which could have an impact on operations and cash flows. Specifically, the complexity of many third-party billing arrangements, patient qualification for medical necessity of equipment and the uncertainty of reimbursement amounts for certain services from certain payors may result in adjustments to amounts originally recorded. If the payment amount received differs from the estimated amount, an adjustment is made in the period that these payment differences are determined.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of recently issued accounting pronouncements, including the expected dates of adoption and estimated effects on our results of operations, financial positions and cash flows.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk primarily relates to fluctuations in interest rates from borrowings under the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities. The interest rates per annum applicable to the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities are Term SOFR plus an applicable margin, which ranges from 2.625% to 3.375%, or, at the option of the Company, a Base Rate (as defined in the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities) plus an applicable margin, which ranges from 1.625% to 2.375%. Outstanding borrowings subject to interest rate fluctuations under the 2022 Term Loan Facility and 2022 Revolving Credit Facility were \$13.1 million and \$8.0 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2025. Based on our outstanding borrowings, an immediate 100 basis point change in interest rates would not have a material effect on our net income.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, completed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded:

- i. that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure (a) that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (b) that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure; and
- ii. that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, there can be no assurance that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures will detect or uncover all failures of persons within the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in the Company's periodic reports. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended September 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or that are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may be subject to various ongoing or threatened legal actions and other proceedings, including those that arise in the ordinary course of business, which may include employment matters, breach of contract disputes, as well as governmental and regulatory matters. Please read Note 9—Commitments and Contingencies to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for more information. Such matters are subject to many uncertainties and to outcomes that are not predictable with assurance and that may not be known for extended periods of time.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 filed with the SEC on March 10, 2025, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. Except as set forth below, there have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in that Annual Report.

A reduction or elimination of coverage or reimbursement of our products by third-party payors, including Medicare, in the future could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

A substantial portion of our revenues are derived from reimbursement by Medicare and other third-party payors for our ventilator products and services. Currently, ventilators are covered under the National Coverage Determination ("NCD") for the DME Reference List, effective since April 1, 2003, for the treatment of neuromuscular diseases, thoracic restrictive diseases, and chronic respiratory failure resulting from chronic obstructive pulmonary disease ("COPD"). While the DME Reference List has been updated, no standalone NCD has been issued for ventilators.

On June 9, 2025, CMS finalized a new NCD establishing clear medical necessity criteria for noninvasive positive pressure ventilation ("NIPPV") in the home for treatment of chronic respiratory failure related to COPD. We actively participated in the national coverage analysis process, including submission of formal comments and ongoing engagement with CMS, the Department of Health and Human Services, and members of Congress.

The final NCD may significantly affect patient access, reimbursement, and utilization of ventilator therapies. Because Medicare coverage policies often influence commercial payors, including Medicare Advantage plans, changes to Medicare policy may have broader implications across our payer base. Any reduction or elimination of coverage or reimbursement by Medicare or other third-party payors, or an inability to maintain or expand coverage with additional commercial payors, could materially and adversely impact our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Adverse global macroeconomic conditions, including supply chain disruptions, tariffs, and fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, could negatively impact our operations, costs, and profitability.

Our business may be affected by a range of global macroeconomic conditions, including newly imposed tariffs, disruptions to the supply chain, and fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. While nearly all of our revenues are generated within the United States and denominated in U.S. dollars, we rely on both domestic and international suppliers for the medical equipment and supplies we rent and sell to patients. As a result, our cost structure and operational efficiency are subject to global market dynamics that may influence the availability and pricing of key products.

We are primarily exposed to trade policy and tariff developments indirectly, through supplier pricing and component sourcing rather than direct import activity. In early 2025, the U.S. government announced new tariffs on a broad range of imported goods from multiple countries, prompting reciprocal tariffs from affected trade partners. While medical equipment has traditionally been excluded from such tariffs, the expanded scope of recent trade measures and the possibility of further escalation create significant uncertainty around equipment pricing and supply availability. To date, we have not experienced a significant impact on our operating costs or supply availability as a result of these tariff actions, but the timing, scope, and duration of future measures remain unpredictable. The Company is actively monitoring these developments and continuously assessing their potential operational and financial impacts.

Additionally, global supply chain constraints continue to pose risks to our ability to acquire essential equipment and components in a timely and efficient manner. Factors such as raw material shortages, longer lead times from suppliers, and increased transportation expenses may limit our responsiveness to patient needs and may affect our ability to scale the business effectively.

Although our operations are primarily domestic, we are indirectly exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations through our international sourcing activities. Changes in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to other currencies, including the Canadian

dollar and Chinese yuan, may impact the prices we pay to suppliers, which could increase our cost of goods sold and reduce our gross margins.

If these macroeconomic pressures persist or worsen, our ability to manage supply continuity, control costs, and meet patient demand could be adversely affected. As a result, our financial condition, operating results, and long-term strategic objectives may be negatively impacted.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

None.

Company Repurchases of Equity Securities

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to repurchases of our common shares during the three months ended September 30, 2025:

Period	Total number of shares (or units) purchased	Average price paid per share ⁽¹⁾	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs ⁽²⁾	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs
Jul 1- Jul 30, 2025	819,246	\$6.56	819,246	887,134
Aug 1- Aug 31, 2025	592,131	\$6.78	592,131	295,003
Sep 1- Sep 30, 2025	295,003	\$6.80	295,003	—
Total	1,706,380	\$6.68	1,706,380	—

⁽¹⁾Average price paid per share includes broker commissions but excludes taxes payable.

⁽²⁾On June 6, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors authorized and approved a share repurchase program. Under the terms of the 2025 Share Repurchase Program, the Company may repurchase up to 1,976,441 of its common shares from time to time through open market purchases, block purchases or otherwise in accordance with applicable securities laws, including Rule 10b-18 of the Exchange Act. The 2025 Share Repurchase Program was completed and terminated during the three months ended September 30, 2025, upon the repurchase of all shares authorized under the program.

Dividends

We have not declared or paid any cash or stock dividends on our common shares since our inception. Any future determination as to the declaration and payment of cash dividends will be at the discretion of the Board and will depend on then-existing conditions, including our financial condition, results of operations, contractual restrictions, capital requirements, business prospects, and other factors that the Board considers relevant. Our subsidiaries are restricted from making distributions or dividend payments to us by the 2022 Senior Credit Facilities (as defined above), subject to certain exceptions. See Note 6 to the Financial Statements, included in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further information.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Rule 10b5-1 and Non-Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangements

During the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2025, no director or officer (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) of the Company adopted or terminated any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangements or non-Rule 105-1 trading arrangements as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are set forth on the Exhibit Index below.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Title
#2.1	<u>Stock Purchase Agreement dated April 18, 2023 by and among Viemed, Inc., the Stockholders and Home Medical Products, Inc. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 19, 2023.</u>
3.1	<u>Notice of Articles of Business Corporation Act of Viemed Healthcare, Inc. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on July 10, 2019.</u>
3.2	<u>Amended and Restated Business Corporation Act Articles of Viemed Healthcare, Inc. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 10, 2021.</u>
*31.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
*31.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
**32.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.</u>
**32.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.</u>
*101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
*101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
*101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
*101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
*101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
*101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Document.
*104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished in accordance with Item 601(b)(32)(ii) of Regulation S-K.

Schedules and similar attachments have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. The Company will furnish supplementally a copy of any omitted schedule or similar attachment to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VIEMED HEALTHCARE, INC.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Casey Hoyt
Casey Hoyt
Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Trae Fitzgerald
Trae Fitzgerald
Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 5, 2025

Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Casey Hoyt, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viemed Healthcare, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2025

/s/ Casey Hoyt

Casey Hoyt
Chief Executive Officer

**Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as Adopted
Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Trae Fitzgerald, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viamed Healthcare, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2025

/s/ Trae Fitzgerald

Trae Fitzgerald
Chief Financial Officer

**Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, I, Casey Hoyt, the Chief Executive Officer of Viemed Healthcare, Inc. (the "**Company**"), hereby certify, that, to my knowledge:

1. The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2025 (the "**Report**") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2025

/s/ Casey Hoyt

Casey Hoyt

Chief Executive Officer

Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, I, Trae Fitzgerald, the Chief Financial Officer of Viemed Healthcare, Inc. (the "**Company**"), hereby certify, that, to my knowledge:

1. The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2025 (the "**Report**") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2025

/s/ Trae Fitzgerald

Trae Fitzgerald

Chief Financial Officer